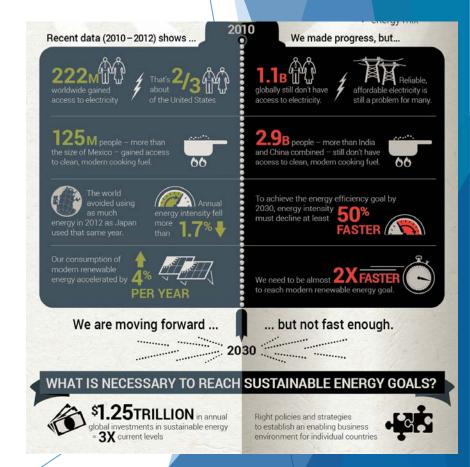
# Distributed Renewable Energy for Energy Access

Tracking Shadows

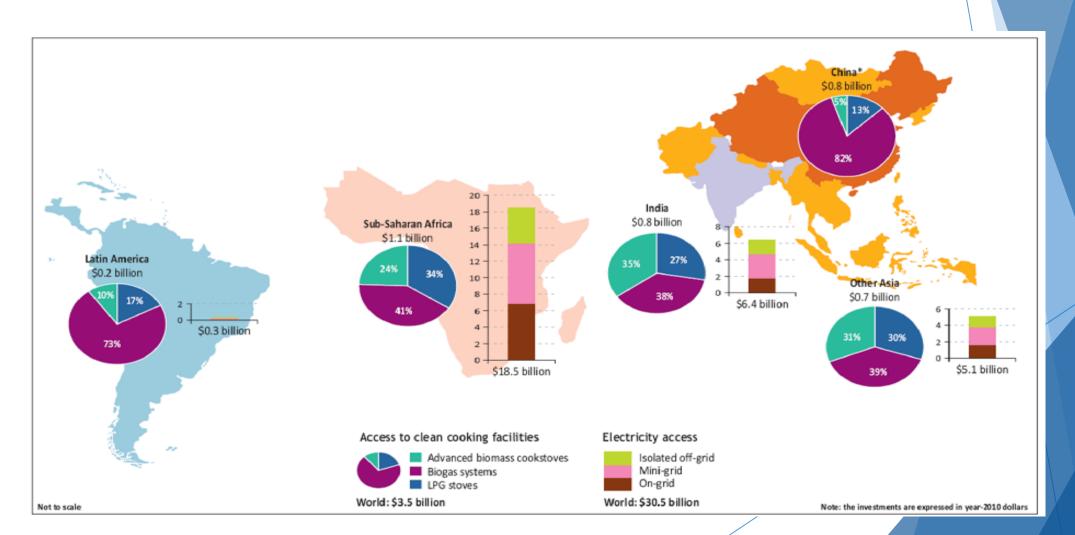
Fabiani Appavou REN21 10 September 2015

#### Distributed Renewable Energy (DRE): The way forward for energy access

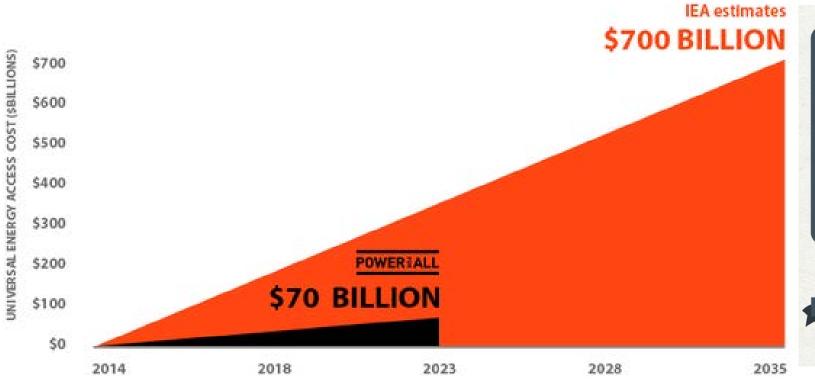
- According to the IEA,
  - ▶ By 2030, 70% of the current population lacking access to electricity and clean forms of cooking will be served through decentralized energy.
  - ► For universal access, 55% of all new power till 2030 must come from decentralized energy sources, 90% of it being from renewables
  - ► Of the total investments needed to achieve universal energy access by 2030, 64% will be off-grid and minigrid technologies

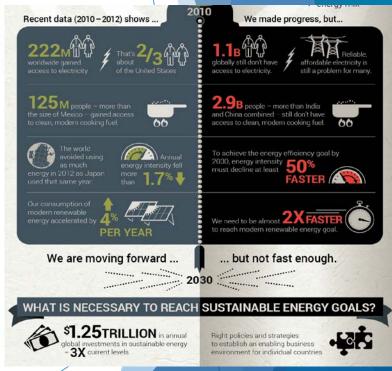


### Distributed Renewable Energy (DRE): The way forward for energy access



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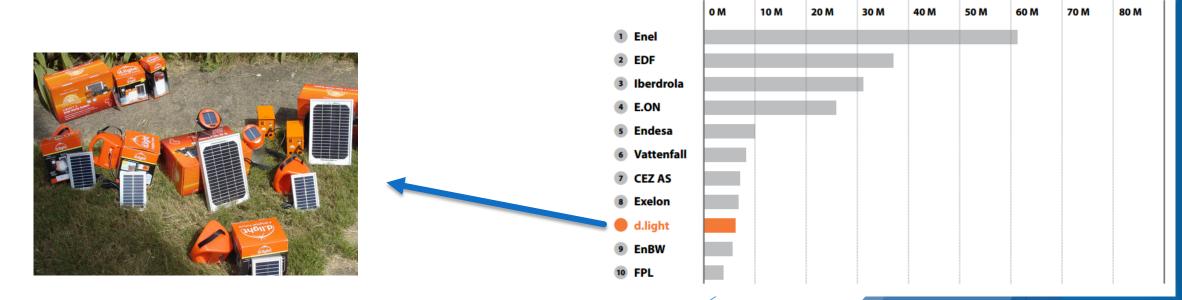




## DRE for Energy Access: A Growing market

- Investments in off-grid solar in 2014: **USD 82 million** (est)
- Investment in off-grid solar for Jan 2015: USD 42 million

The market for off-grid lighting products in Africa has acknowledged a 300% growth in sales i.e. topping 5.7 million in 2014 and this represents only 5% of the potential market.



### DRE for Energy Access: A Growing market

- Some 26 million households around the world are currently served by off-grid renewable energy
- ➤ 28 million people provided access to solar lighting in Africa through the Lighting Programme of the IFC/World Bank
- ► In Bangladesh, more than 60,000 Solar Home Systems are currently being deployed every month

### DRE for Energy Access: A Growing market

Tanzania announces One Million Solar Homes

initiative

18. FEBRUARY 2015 | MARKETS & TRENDS, GLOBAL PV MARKETS, INDUSTRY & SUPPLIERS, TOP

Commitments by the IFC, USAID, OPIC, Sunfunder, SNV and Off Grid Electric are expected to put Tanzania at the forefront of the U.S.

Power Africa program.

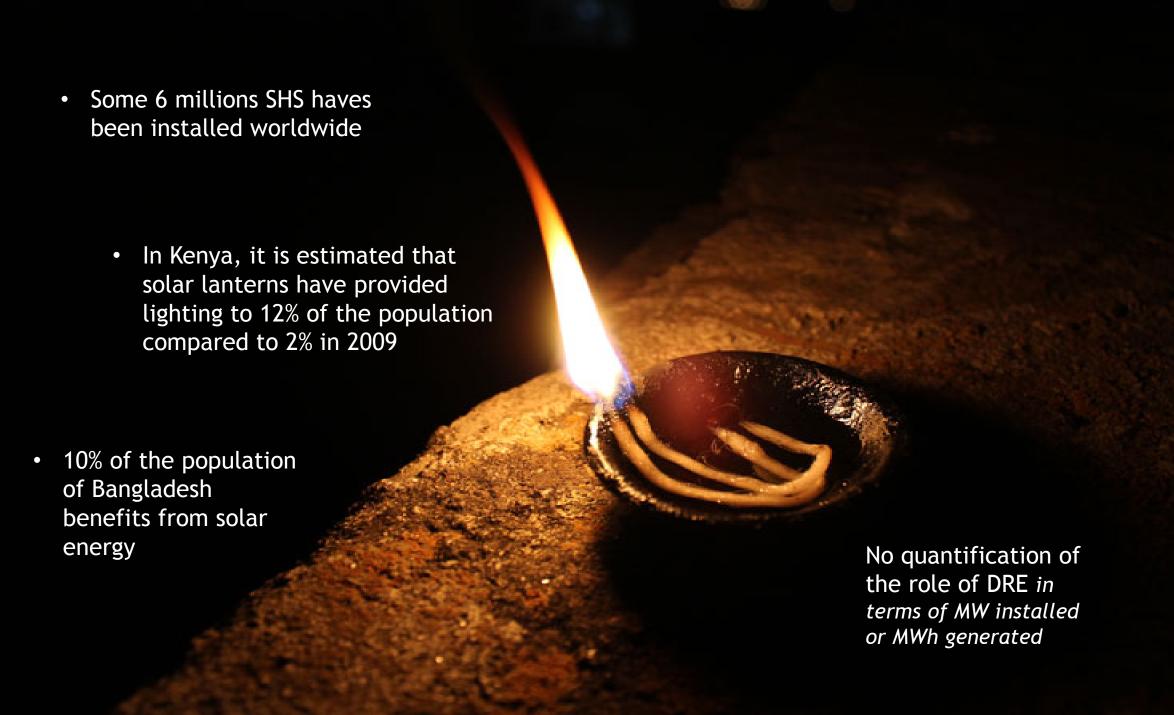
#### **USAID To Invest \$41 Million In Off-Grid Renewable Energy Projects In India**

MINISTER LAUNCHES SOLAR LANTERN DISTRIBUTION PROGRAMME The government, through the Ministry of Energy and Petroleum, has begun distributing solar lanterns to mitigate any effect the par The government, through the Ministry of Energy and Petroleum, has begun distributing solar lanterns to mitigate any effect the partial The programme aims at providing 200,000 solar lanterns in off-grid rural homes over a period of five years. The programme aims at providing 200,000 solar lanterns in off-grid rural homes over a period of five year than Minis Launching the programme at Alorkpem, Off Big Ada in the Greater Accra Region on Thursday, the Greater Accra

**JANUARY 18, 2015** 

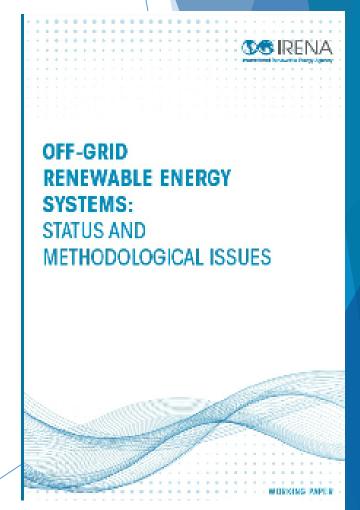
PERU PROVIDES FREE SOLAR POWER BY **GIVING 2 MILLION OF ITS POOREST RESIDENTS SOLAR PANELS** 





#### Data gaps on the DRE Market

- Given the growing market size of off-grid systems, effort in developing an accurate DRE datasets is warranted and there is actually an urgent need to improve the statistical basis for off-grid systems.
- There is a definite need to improve country statistics on off-grid renewable energy and this will require the engagement of local development agencies, utilities, end users and technology providers.



#### Data gaps on the DRE market

#### Reasons:

- ► Lack of country reporting and consolidation mechanism to track DRE systems
- Country statistics do usually not take into account systems < 1MW</p>
- Lack for reporting from donors, private sector, NGO's and industry on their activities and projects
- ▶ Focus on the "end" rather than on the "means"
- ▶ Lack of good, timely and reliable data source

#### Implication:

No proper understanding of the market dynamics => prohibits sound decision making to put in place enabling policy frameworks to attract and scale up investment in DRE and renewables at large



#### **REN21 Initiatives**

REN21







#### 05 DISTRIBUTED RENEWABLE ENERGY FOR ENERGY ACCESS

| Hybrid mini-grid<br>(PV / diesel)<br>Improved<br>cookstoves<br>Improved<br>cookstoves<br>Solar water | 17,529 units   | 2.1 MW<br>25,459 units   | - 21 hybrid mini-grids installed<br>- Consolidated at country level   |
|--|--|--|---|
| (PV / diesel) Improved cookstoves Improved cookstoves  | 17,529 units   |  | - Consolidated at country level   |
| cookstoves<br>Improved<br>cookstoves   | 17,529 units   | 25,459 units   | 6   |
| cookstoves   |  |  | - Domestic and productive stoves<br>- Implemented under the SNV-funded EPGAP project  |
| Solarwator   |  | 3,100 units  | Implemented under a Plan International project  |
| pumping systems  |  | 16 kW <sub>P</sub>   | Eight solar water pumping systems for community water<br>supply and irrigation installed     Installed by ARE members   |
| Hybrid mini-grid<br>(PV / diesel)  |  | 6 units  | PV / diesel power plants (three systems of 15–20 kW <sub>p</sub> and three systems of 25 kW <sub>p</sub> )  |
| Solar home<br>systems  |  | 51,599 units<br>(2013)   | Implemented under the Governmental Rural Electrification<br>Programme   |
| Solar PV (pico)  |  | 6,600 units  | Implemented under the EnDev Programme <sup>2</sup>  |
| Solar outdoor<br>micro-station   |  | 6 kW <sub>p</sub>  | - 1,800 residents electrified<br>- Installed by ARE members   |
| Mini-grid (solar)  |  | 9 kW <sub>p</sub>  | - Three compact mini-grids installed<br>- Installed by ARE members  |
| Improved<br>cookstoves   | 4,500 units  | 4,700 units  | Implemented under the EnDev Programme <sup>2</sup>  |
| Solar PV   |  | 4 MW   | Consolidated at country level   |
| Solar lamps  | 7,600 units  |  | Implemented under an SNV-funded project   |
| Mini-grid (solar)  |  | 27.5 kW <sub>P</sub>   | 105 households electrified and electricity for productive use     Implemented by Plan International under the ECREEE  |
| (F<br>Sy<br>Sy<br>M<br>In<br>Co  | V / diesel)  plar home estems  plar PV (pico)  plar outdoor icro-station  ini-grid (solar)  proved  pokstoves  plar PV  plar lamps | V / diesel)  plar home estems  plar PV (pico)  plar outdoor icro-station ini-grid (solar)  pproved pokstoves  plar PV  plar lamps  7,600 units | V / diesel)         51,599 units           plar home         (2013)           plar PV (pico)         6,600 units           plar outdoor         6 kW <sub>p</sub> icro-station         9 kW <sub>p</sub> ini-grid (solar)         4,500 units           pproved         4,500 units           plar PV         4 MW           plar lamps         7,600 units |

#### Bangladesh:

- 3 millions SHS installed
- 15 million people provided with electricity through solar systems
   10 % of the population
- According to IDCOL, this represents a capacity of 135MW
- Installed capacity of Bangladesh: about 11,000 MW ~ 1% of the country installed capacity from SHS.
- Aim: universal access to electricity by 2021
- Total expected installed capacity: 24 GW out which 10% from renewables

India

| SI. | State/UT             | Bioga | Biomass                            | Biomass | Water                       | SPV         | Solar Pho         | tovoltaic            |                   |         |
|-----|----------------------|-------|------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------|
| No  |                      | S     | Gasifiers                          | (non-   | Pumpin                      | Pump        | SLS               | HLS                  | SL                | PP      |
|     |                      | (Nos. | (Rural+<br>Industria<br>I)<br>(KW) | (MW)    | g/ Wind<br>Mills#<br>(Nos.) | s<br>(Nos.) | (Nos, in<br>Lakh) | (Nos.<br>in<br>Lakh) | (Nos. in<br>Lakh) | (KWP)   |
| 1   | 2                    | 3     | 4                                  | 5       | 6                           | 7           | 8                 | 9                    | 10                | 11      |
| 1   | Andhra<br>Pradesh    | 5.2   | 22914                              | 75.4    | 6                           | 613         | 0.1               | 0.2                  | 0.4               | 1263.6  |
| 2   | Arunachal<br>Pradesh | 0.0   | 750                                | 0.0     | 0                           | 18          | 0.0               | 0.2                  | 0.1               | 217.1   |
| 3   | Assam                | 1,1   | 2933                               | 0.0     | 3                           | 45          | 0.0               | 0.1                  | 0.0               | 910.0   |
| 4   | Bihar                | 1.3   | 10924                              | 8.2     | 46                          | 139         | 0.0               | 0.1                  | 0.5               | 775.6   |
| 5   | Chhattisgarh         | 0.5   | 1210                               | 2.5     | 1                           | 240         | 0.0               | 0.1                  | 0.0               | 14616.7 |
| 6   | Goa                  | 0.0   | 0                                  | 0.0     | 0                           | 15          | 0.0               | 0.0                  | 0.0               | 1.7     |
| 7   | Guiarat              | 4.3   | 21530                              | 0.0     | 945                         | 85          | 0.0               | 0.1                  | 0.3               | 9452.6  |

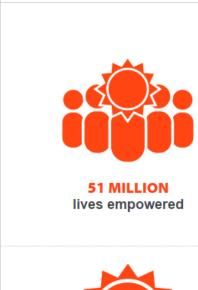
| Γ |    | Total           | 47.5 | 163235 | 531.8 | 1418 | 11626 | 2.7 | 11.0 | 9.6 | 85138.4 |
|---|----|-----------------|------|--------|-------|------|-------|-----|------|-----|---------|
| L | 36 | Others*         | 0.1  | 0      | 0.0   | 0    | 0     | 0.1 | 0.2  | 1.3 | 23885.0 |
| ١ | 35 | Puducherry      | 0.0  | 0      | 0.0   | 0    | 21    | 0.0 | 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0     |
| ١ | 34 | Lakshadweep     | 0.0  | 250    | 0.0   | 0    | 0     | 0.0 | 0.0  | 0.1 | 1090.0  |
| ١ | 33 | Delhi           | 0.0  | 0      | 0.0   | 0    | 90    | 0.0 | 0.0  | 0.0 | 332.0   |
| ١ | 32 | Daman & Diu     | 0.0  | 0      | 0.0   | 0    | 0     | 0.0 | 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0     |
|   |    | COMMITTEE STATE |      |        |       |      |       |     |      |     |         |

- ► Ghana
- Under the SE4ALL, Country
   Action Agenda and Rapid
   Assessment and Gap Analysis

Table 3.4: Solar PV Installations in Ghana (kW)

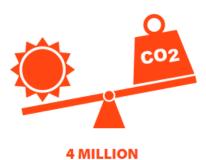
| SOLAR PV SYSTEMS                   | INSTALLED CAPACITY | GENERATION  |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| Rural home system                  | 450                | 0.70 - 0.90 |
| Urban home system                  | 20                 | 0.05 - 0.06 |
| School system                      | 15                 | 0.01 - 0,02 |
| System for lighting health centres | 6                  | 0.01 -0.10  |
| Vaccine refrigeration              | 42                 | 0.08 - 0,09 |
| Water pumping                      | 120                | 0,24 - 0.25 |
| Telecommunication                  | 100                | 0.10 - 0.20 |
| Battery charging system            | 10                 | 0.01 - 0.02 |
| Grid connected systtem             | 60                 | 0.10 - 0.12 |
| Solar streetlights                 | 10                 | 0.04 - 0.06 |
| TOTAL                              | 853                | 1.34 – 1.82 |

Source: Energy Commission, 2011









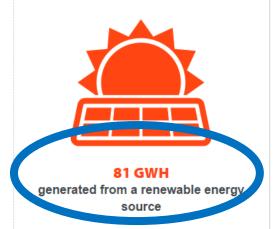




13 MILLION school-aged children reached

with solar lighting







#### The impact of our work in Africa



10 million people with access to safe, clean solar light.



£230 million saved by families \*



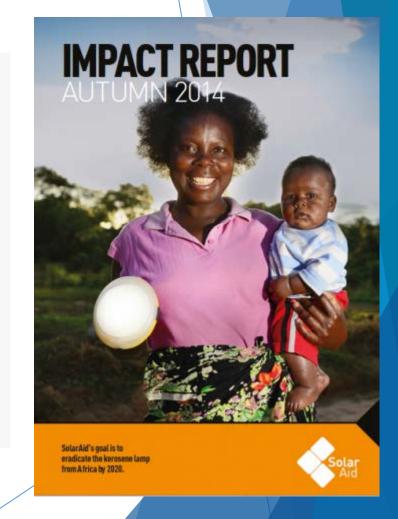
**6 million** people noticing better health.



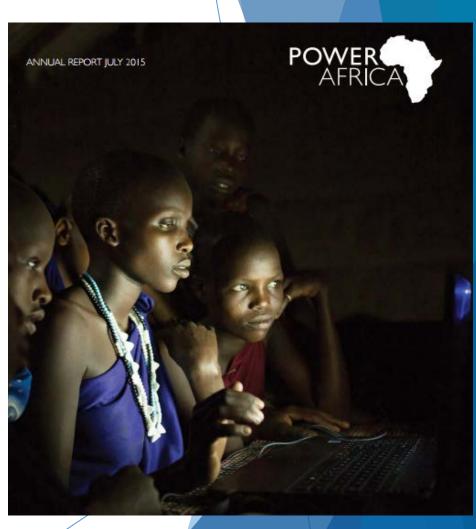
2 billion extra study hours for children \*



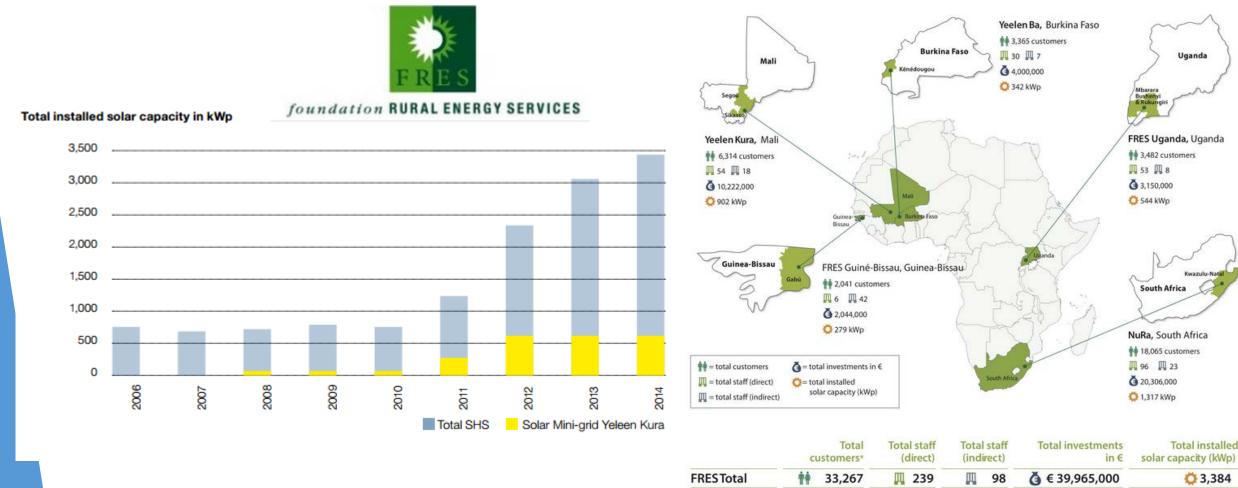
890,000 tonnes of CO2 averted \*







Customers, staff, investments and installed solar capacity 2014



#### Key constraints

- ► Inadequate process for up-to date data
- ► Frequency of reporting of the data
- ► Data on DRE systems less than the MW unit that might not be captured in country statistics.
- ▶ Data collection and reporting in energy metrics only.

But the benefit to countries, the private sector and the stakeholders are enormous.

#### Questions?

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